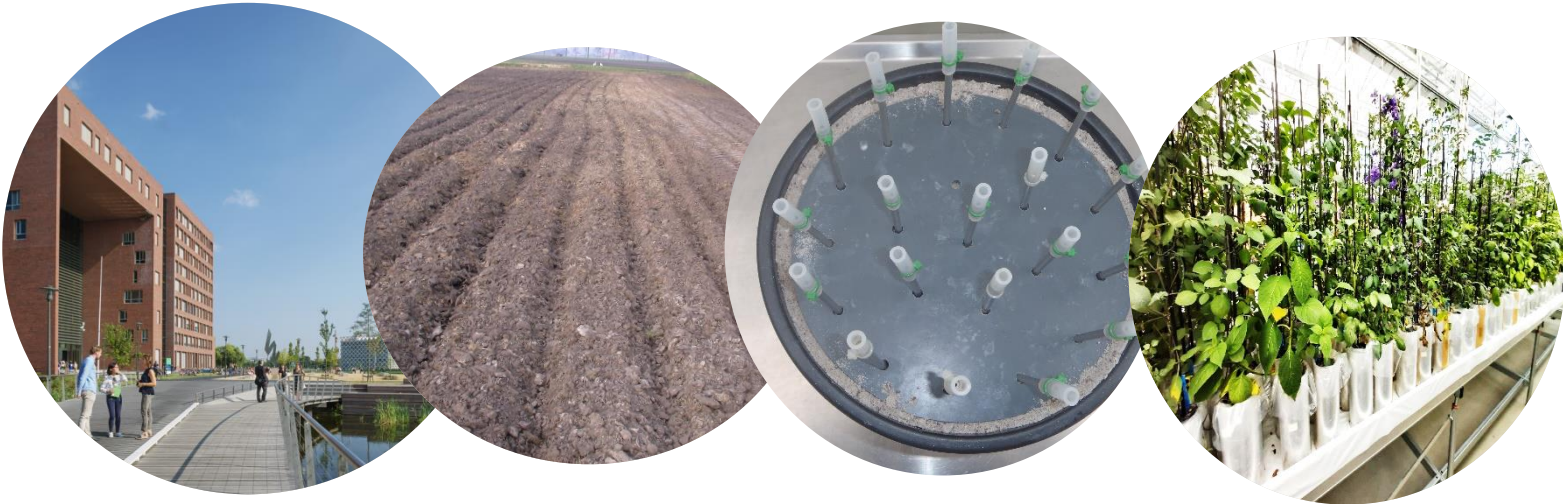


The development of a routine methodology for measuring tolerance of potato cultivars to PCN

Misghina Goitom Teklu and Leendert Molendijk



Statement of the problem:

- Virulent populations of PCN populations are spreading in The Netherlands.
- Classical resistance to PCN is getting circumvented.
- Population densities in the field will increase.
- If the population densities gets > 2 eggs (g dry soil)⁻¹
 - Yield reduction will be apparent.
- There is no full resistance for the virulent populations so far.
 - Screening and introgression will take time. (and hopefully start soon)!
- An immediate solution is to use tolerant cultivars; however a robust, rapid and simple method of tolerance testing methodology is not yet in place?
- The research started in 2016 – 2021 was not successful.

Objectives:

- To prove that a reliable and affordable method for determining tolerance can be conducted in the glasshouse.
- A test comparable with the current RS test.
- To provide a written protocol (SOP) for routine tolerance test.

Methodology

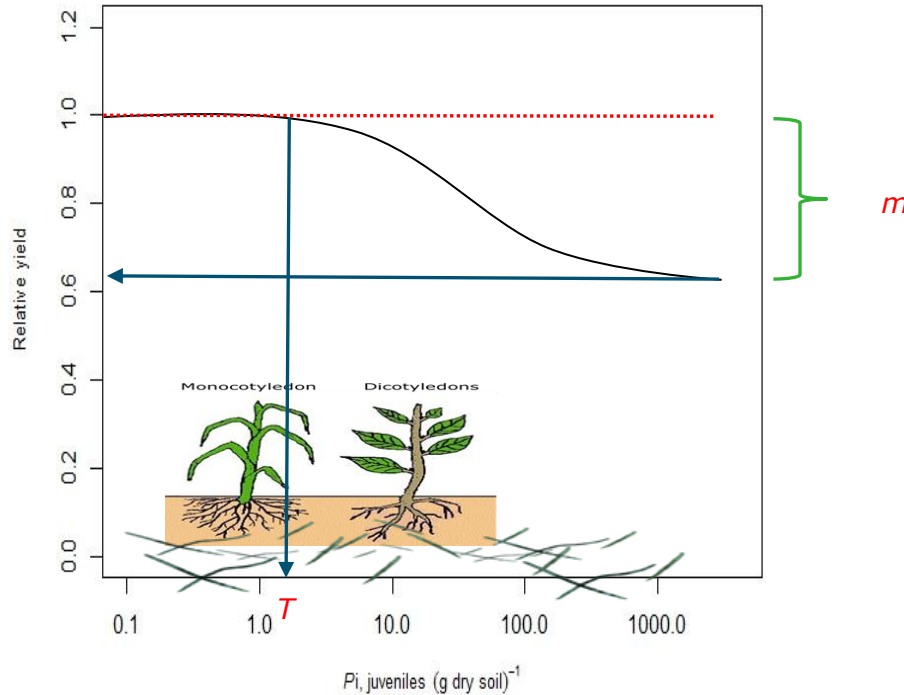
Experimental Design:(NAK Emmeloord, WUR)

- Three pot sizes, will be used: 10 replications each!
 - 10 kg
 - 5 kg
 - 2 kg
- 12 densities of nematodes (0, 0.125, 0.25 -128 J2(g dry soil)⁻¹.
- Test population has to be decided? Pa3 (Chavornay)?
- Current virulent PCN populations that we have?
- Test cultivar Seresta?
- Desiree will be used for quality check of the inoculum.
- In total we are planning to have 370 pots.

Yield loss (Seinhorst model)

$$Y = m + (1-m) \times 0.95^{(P_i/T-1)} \dots \text{for } P_i > T \dots \dots \text{ranges of } P_i$$

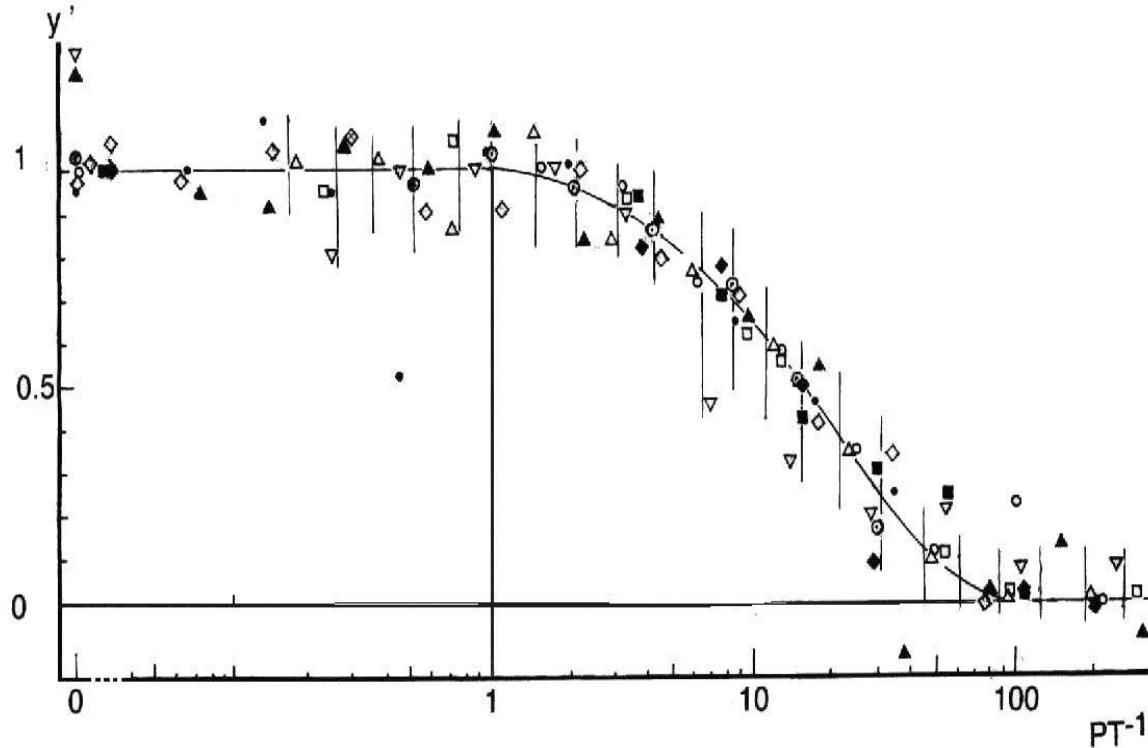
$$Y = 1 \dots \dots \text{for } P_i \leq T$$



Two parameters:

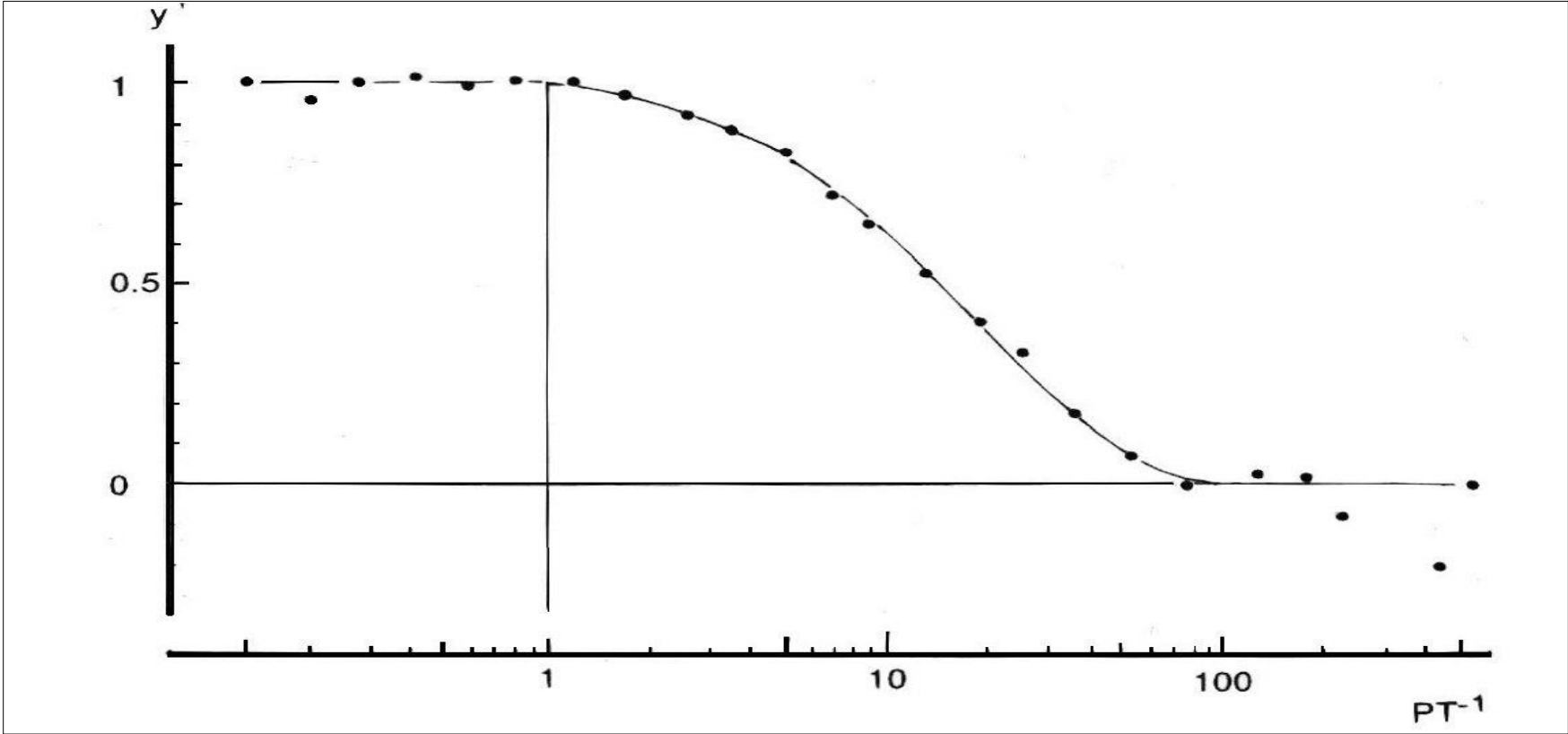
- Tolerance limit (T)
- Minimum Yield (m)
- Completely tolerant ($m = 1$)
- Relative yield easy to compare between cultivars

Seinhorst model (common relations, 1988)

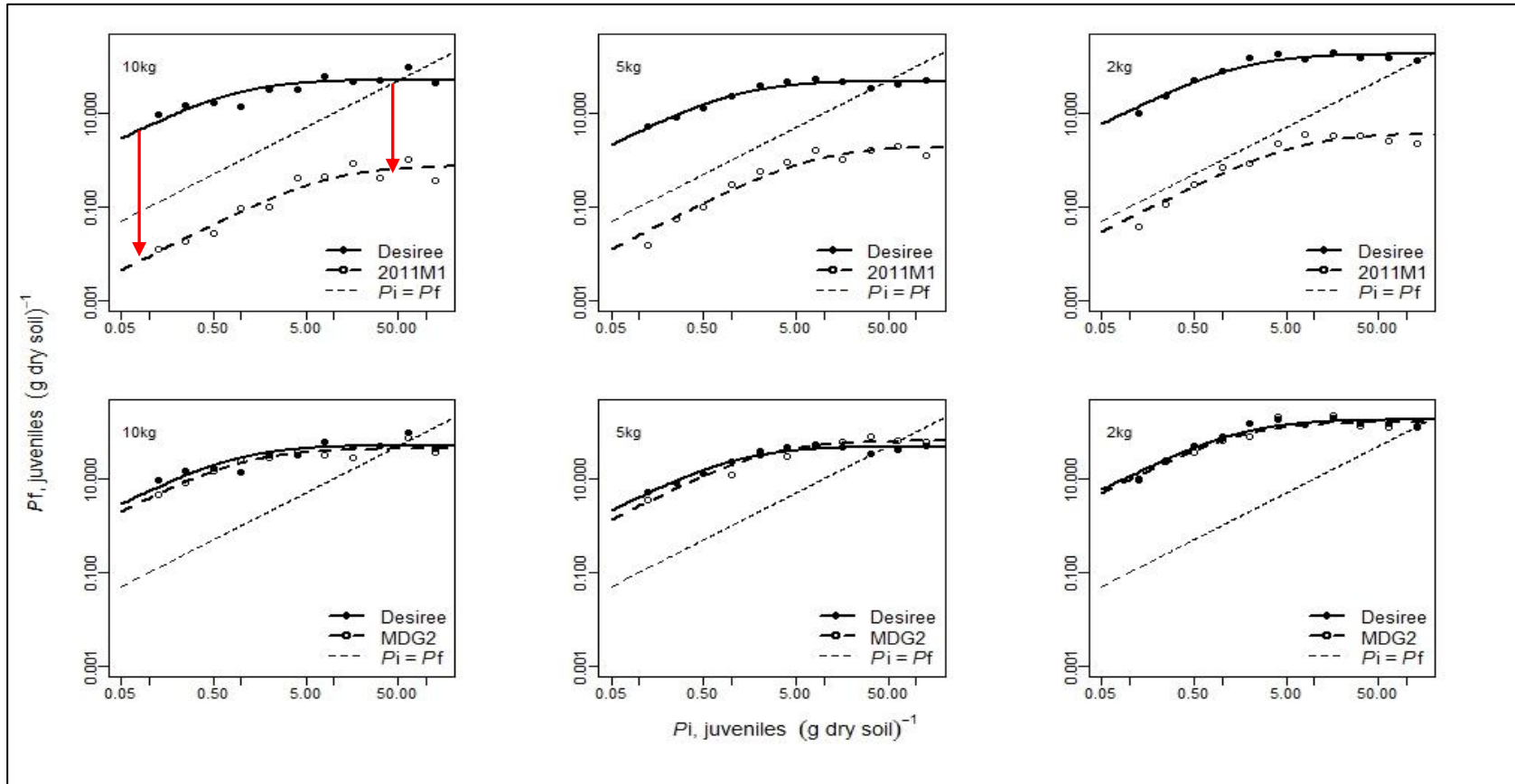


- 31 published experiments
- 5 unpublished
- 13 tylenchid

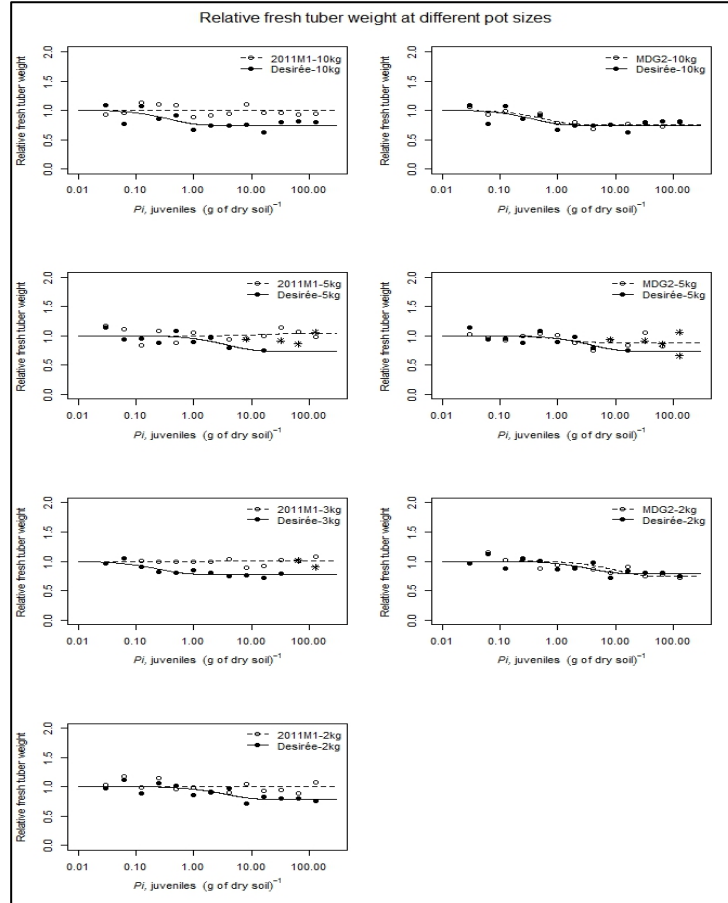
Seinhorst 1998: Means per classreduced variances



Downscaling *M. chitwoodi*: Population dynamics



Yield loss for caused by *M. chitwoodi*



- Proven for *M. chitwoodi*
- parameters are consistent over pot size!

Planning and organization (2023-2024)

Year	Activity
2023	Multiplication of inoculum
2024	Start of the experiment
2024	Data analysis and writing the SOP

Budget break down: 35 K

S.No	A	Reps	Potsize (10, 5, 2 kg)	Cultivar	Total nr of pots	Costs per	
						pot	Total
1	0	10	3	1	30	€60	€1.800
2	0.125	10	3	1	30	€60	€1.800
3	0.25	10	3	1	30	€60	€1.800
4	0.5	10	3	1	30	€60	€1.800
5	1	10	3	1	30	€60	€1.800
6	2	10	3	1	30	€60	€1.800
7	4	10	3	1	30	€60	€1.800
8	8	10	3	1	30	€60	€1.800
9	16	10	3	1	30	€60	€1.800
10	32	10	3	1	30	€60	€1.800
11	64	10	3	1	30	€60	€1.800
12	128	10	3	1	30	€60	€1.800

S.No	Activity	k (€)
1	Vermenigvuldiging van inoculum	€5
2	Begeleiding	€7.5

Thank you for your attention!

